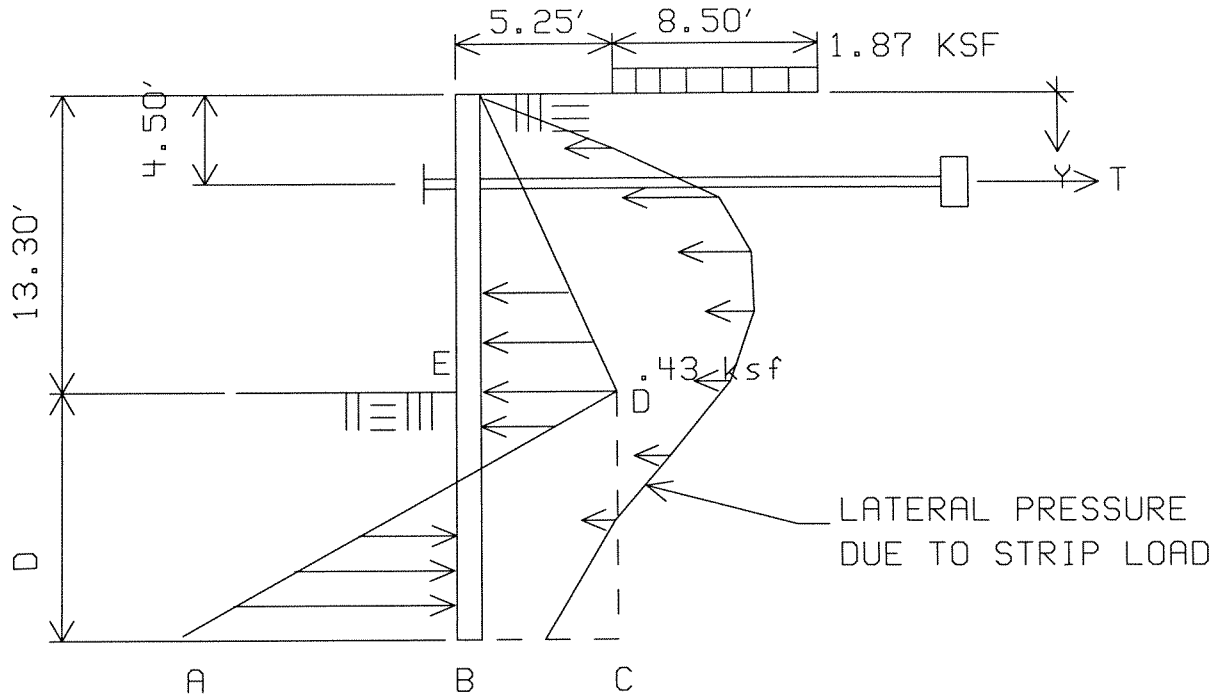


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SHEET PILING DESIGN:

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Design Data:

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The following analysis uses the methods described in the US Steel publication, "Steel Sheet Piling Design Manual", printed 1975.

The user has elected to compute Coulomb coefficients for  $K_a$  and  $K_p$ .

The user has selected the following design modification factors:

- Passive pressure = 1.000 x ultimate passive pressure
- Final penetration = 1.299 x theoretical req'd penetration

Soil data above dredge line:

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- Dry or moist unit weight = .125 kcf
- Saturated unit weight = .125 kcf
- Angle of internal friction,  $\phi = 34.000^\circ$
- Friction angle against steel sheeting,  $\delta = 11.000^\circ$

Coefficient of active earth pressure, in horizontal direction,

$$K_a = \frac{\cos^2 34.000^\circ}{\cos 11.00^\circ \times \left[ 1 + \frac{\sin(34.00+11) \times \sin(34.00 - 0.00)}{\cos 11.00 \times \cos 0.00} \right]^{.5}} = .262$$

FIRM:Your Firm  
MADE BY:KJH DATE:05-13-2006  
TITLE:Example SHTPILE calculation

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SHEET PILING DESIGN:

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Design Data (Cont'd)

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Soil data below dredge line:

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Description:Dry or moist medium sand  
Dry or moist unit weight = .100 kcf  
Saturated unit weight = .119 kcf  
Submerged unit weight = .119 - 0.0624 = .057 kcf  
Angle of internal friction,  $\phi = 33.000^\circ$   
Friction angle against steel sheeting,  $\delta = 11.000^\circ$

Coefficient of active earth pressure, in horizontal direction,

$$K_a = \frac{\cos^2 33.000^\circ}{\cos 11.00^\circ \times \left| 1 + \frac{\sin(33.00+11) \times \sin(33.00 - 0.00)}{\cos 11.00 \times \cos 0.00} \right|^{.5}} = .272$$

Coefficient of passive earth pressure, in horizontal direction,

$$K_p = \frac{\cos^2 33.000^\circ}{\cos 11.00^\circ \times \left| 1 - \frac{\sin(33.00+11) \times \sin(33.00 + 0.00)}{\cos 11.00 \times \cos 0.00} \right|^{.5}} = 4.983$$

Coulomb theory overestimates the passive pressure component. For design, a reduction factor must be applied to  $K_p$ . Refer to USS design manual, p.10, Fig. 5(a) for table of reduction factors.

$$-\delta / \phi = -11.00/33.00 = -.33$$

Read,  $R = .604$

Therefore, reduced  $K_p = .604 \times 4.983 = 3.012$

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SHEET PILE DESIGN:

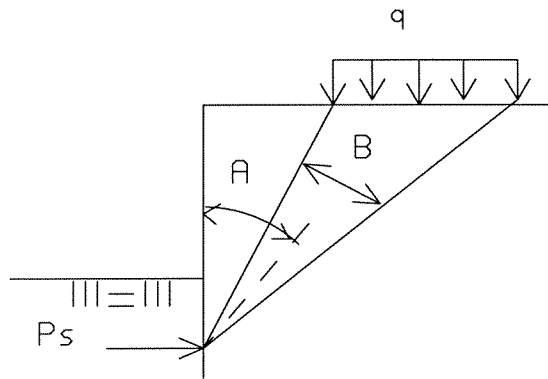
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Strip Loading Pressures:

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Strip loading pressures are computed using the 1990 AREA specification formula (pages 8-20-4 and 8-20-11 of AREA "Manual for Railway Engineering"),

$$P_s = \frac{2q}{\pi} [(B + \sin B) * (\sin A)^2 + (B - \sin B) * (\cos A)^2]$$



Strip Loading Table

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Y (ft)	A (degrees)	B (degrees)	Ps (ksf)	V (k/ft)	M (k*ft/ft)
0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.00
2	75.434	12.578	.487	.48	.48
4	63.237	21.083	.692	1.66	2.64
6	53.805	25.239	.678	3.03	7.35
8	46.541	26.533	.579	4.29	14.68
10	40.836	26.273	.469	5.34	24.33
12	36.258	25.258	.372	6.18	35.86
14	32.519	23.927	.293	6.85	48.90
16	29.420	22.509	.231	7.37	63.14
18	26.818	21.115	.184	7.79	78.31

Where V and M are the shear and moment taken at Y due to strip loading only.

FIRM:Your Firm  
MADE BY:KJH DATE:05-13-2006  
TITLE:Example SHTPILE calculation

JOB NO.  
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SHEET NO: 4  
DATE:

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SHEET PILING DESIGN:

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Compute pressures above dredge line (excluding strip load pressure):

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Vertical and active horizontal pressures,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{At } Y=13.30', \text{ } p_v &= .125 \text{ kcf} \times 13.30' = 1.662 \text{ ksf} \\ p_h &= .262 \times 1.662 \text{ ksf} = .435 \text{ ksf} \end{aligned}$$

Compute pressures below dredge line (excluding strip load pressures):

-----

Theoretical required depth of embedment,  $D = 6.68'$

Pressure at "d":

$$\text{Active pressure} = .272 \times 1.662 \text{ ksf} = .453 \text{ ksf}$$

Pressure at "a":

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Passive pressure} &= \text{Passive ratio} \times K_p \times D \times \text{Weight} \\ &= 1.000 \times 3.012 \times 6.682' \times .100 \text{ kcf} = 2.012 \text{ ksf} \\ \text{Active pressure} &= .453 \text{ ksf} + .272 \times 6.68' \times .100 \text{ kcf} = .635 \text{ ksf} \\ \text{Net pressure} &= 2.012 - .635 = 1.377 \text{ ksf} \end{aligned}$$

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SHEET PILING DESIGN:

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Check equilibrium of wall

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Forces and moments about tie:

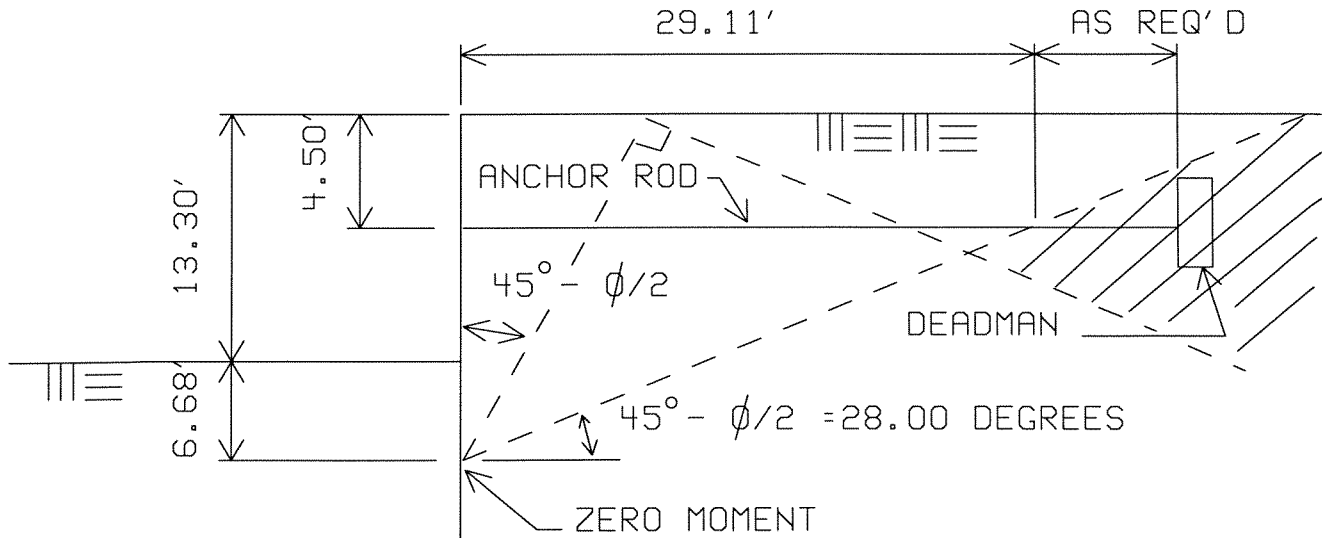
Area		Force (k/')	Arm (ft)	Mtie (k*ft/')
=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
Above dredge line				
edbc	$1/2 \times .43 \times 13.30 =$	2.8	4.36	12.6
-adc	$.45 \times 6.68 =$	3.0	12.14	36.7
Strip load	$-1/2 \times (1.37 + .45) \times 6.68 =$	-6.1	13.25	-81.0
=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
	Sum =	7.9		0.0
				(ok)

Therefore, theoretical embedment, D= 6.68 ft

Drive sheeting to  $1.29 \times 6.68 = 8.68$  ft below dredge line.

Design tie for  $1.20 \times 7.93 = 9.52$  k/ft

Maximum moment= 14.26 k\*ft, occurring at  $y= 11.57$  ft from top.



Location of Anchor for Required for Maximum Efficiency

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(Design of deadman anchorage is outside the scope of this program)