

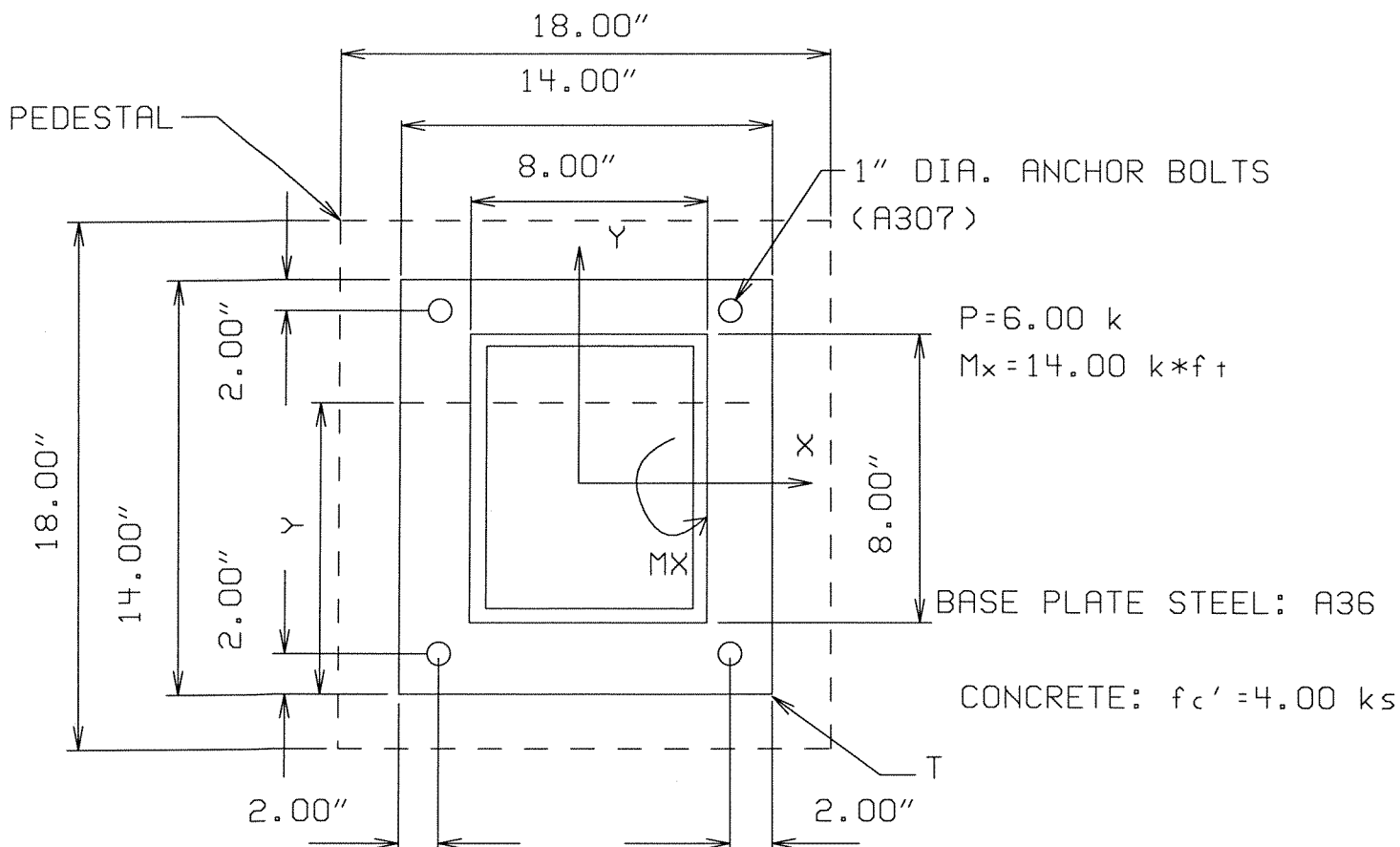
FIRM:Your Firm
 MADE BY:KJH DATE:05-21-2006
 TITLE:Example BASEPL calculation

JOB NO.
 CHECKED BY:

SHEET NO: 1
 DATE:

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BASE PLATE DESIGN:



Design Data

Design Method: Allowable Stress Design, AISC 9th Edition

Allowable stresses:

Bearing plate bending: $F_b = .75 * F_y = 27.00$ ksi (AISC Eq. F2-1)

Anchor bolt tension: $F_t = 20.00$ ksi (AISC Table J3.2)

Base plate design:

For a tube, the critical section is taken at $0.95 * D$ (Refer to AISC Steel Design Guide Series 1, "Column Base Plates", p. 16)
 The design can then be approached similar to an "I" shaped column, (see AISC 9th Ed., p. 3-106, Fig. 1):

$$m = (N - .95 * D) / 2 = 3.20 \text{ in}$$

$$n = (B - .95 * bf) / 2 = 3.20$$

Compute allowable bearing stress on concrete:

$$F_p = .35 * f_c' * (A_2/A_1)^{.5}$$

$$A_1 = 14.00 * 14.00 = 196.0 \text{ sq. in.}$$

$$A_2 = 18.00 * 18.00 = 324.0 \text{ sq. in.}$$

$$F_p = .35 * 4.00 * (324.0 / 196.0)^{.5}$$

$$= 1.799 \text{ ksi} < .7 * f_c' = 2.799 \text{ ksi}$$

Use $F_p = 1.799$ ksi

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DATE:

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BASE PLATE DESIGN (CONT'D):

Eccentricity of load with respect to column centerline,
 $e = 12 * 14.0 \text{ k*ft} / 6.0 \text{ k} = 28.0 \text{ in}$
 $e > N/6 = 14.00/6 = 2.333 \text{ in (UPLIFT OCCURS)}$

(Refer to AISC Steel Design Guide Series 1, "Column Base Plates")
Design using procedure for "Design for Large Eccentricities"
(see reference page 21)

The length of contact (shown as Y in the sketch) is given by,
$$A = \frac{(f' \pm \sqrt{f'^2 - 4 * (fp * B / 6) (P * A' + M)})}{fp * B / 3}$$

$A' = 5.00 \text{ in}$
 $N' = 12.00 \text{ in}$

The bearing stress is assumed equal to the maximum allowable bearing,
 $fp = 1.79 \text{ ksi}$

$f' = fp * B * N' / 2$
 $= 1.79 * 14.00 * 12.00 / 2$
 $= 151.19$

Substitution yields the radical
$$\text{Radical} = \sqrt{f'^2 - 4 * (fp * B / 6) (P * A' + M)}$$

 $= \sqrt{(151.19)^2 - 4 * (1.79 * 14.00 / 6) * (6.0 * 5.00 + 168.0)}$
 $= 19535.0^{.5}$

$A1 = \frac{(f' - \text{Radical}^{.5}) / (fp * B / 3)}$
 $= \frac{(151.19 - 19535.0^{.5}) / (1.79 * 14.00 / 3)}$
 $= 1.36$

$A2 = \frac{(f' + \text{Radical}^{.5}) / (fp * B / 3)}$
 $= \frac{(151.19 + 19535.0^{.5}) / (1.79 * 14.00 / 3)}$
 $= 34.63$

Therefore, the length of contact is, $A = 1.36 \text{ in}$

Maximum anchor bolt tension force is,
 $T = fp * A * B / 2 - P$
 $= 1.79 * 1.36 * 14.00 / 2 - 6.0$
 $= 11.1 \text{ k}$

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DATE:

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BASE PLATE DESIGN (CONT'D):

Moment in the plate at the critical section is,
 $M_{pl} = 1/2 * 1.799 * (1.360) * (3.200 - 1.360/3)$
= 3.36 k*in/in

Determine plate moments caused by the anchor bolt tension:
(Refer to AISC Steel Design Guide Series 1, "Column Base Plates", Fig. 15, p. 22)
At the critical section, the effective width using a 45 degree
distribution is,

Effective width = 4.800 in
Moment due to bolt tension,
 $M_{pl\ bolts} = 11.1 \text{ k} * 1.200 \text{ in} / 4.800 \text{ in}$
= 2.7 k*in/in < 3.3 k*in/in

The required plate thickness is,
 $t_p = (6 * M_{pl} / (.75 * F_y))^{.5}$
= $(6 * 3.36 / (.75 * 36))^{.5}$
= .864 inch

The anchor bolt stress is,
 $f_s = 11.1 \text{ k} / 1.570 \text{ sq. in.}$
= 7.09 ksi < $F_t = 20.00 \text{ ksi}$ (OK)

(DESIGNER NOTE: The determination of anchor bolt embedment length required
for tension and shear is outside the scope of this program.)